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■ STEAM

Units are grouped together in pairs. Each pair of units has lessons on the same subject. Every unit focuses on one or more aspects of STEAM (Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts, Math).

2 I WILL LEARN...

The academic objective of the unit is introduced to get students thinking.

3 QR CODES

Scan the audio QR CODE to listen to the key words and reading passages. In the experiment units, scan the video QR CODE to watch a video of a real experiment.



Live-action videos take students step-by-step through all science experiments. This visual aid enhances their learning experience and makes the topic come alive.





Raise the right wing of the penguin doll and look at the doll in the mirror.

The color of the doll in the mirror is the same as the real one.

The top and bottom are the same, too. But the left and right sides are the wrong way around.

The writing on the front of an ambulance is backward.

When a driver sees it in the car mirror,

it's the right way around.



In reality, mirrors don't change left to right, as they don't change up to down. They only reflect* The image facing them.



- O Circle the key words in the reading.
- Read and choose.
 - What does <u>same</u> mean in the reading?
 a. mirror
 b. different
 c.
 - 2. Which is the opposite of <u>raise?</u> a. move up b. lower



Every unit introduces new KEY WORDS that are necessary to understand the unit's topic. All key words are found in the READING and are illustrated with a photograph.

6 READING

Each READING is an introduction to the topic of the unit. The first unit in a pair introduces the subject through an experiment. The experiment is illustrated and easy to follow. The second unit features an engaging short story on the same topic.

17

6 WOW! I SEE!

This section goes into further detail on the concepts introduced in the READING.

7 WORDS WITH AN ASTERISK (*)

Difficult words in the unit are marked with an asterisk (*) and are explained in a word list at the back of the book.

8 SHORT ACTIVITIES

Short activities focus attention on the KEY WORDS and check understanding.

CHECK YOUR UNDERSTANDING

This section features a range of activities to check both reading comprehension and understanding of the unit vocabulary.

STEAM PROJECT

The STEAM PROJECT ends the unit with a fun and interactive project that encourages individual creativity as well as collaboration. Project types include experiments, math problems, and arts & crafts. Experimental projects have a video available via QR code. Further explanation for certain projects can be found in the PROJECT REFERENCE at the end of the book.



PROJECT REFERENCE

PROJECT REFERENCE pages go into further detail of the concepts behind the project.

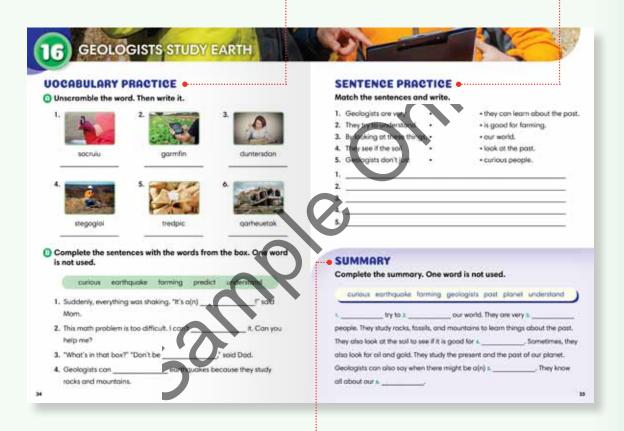


VOCABULARY PRACTICE

This checks students' understanding of the key words introduced in the Student Book unit.

SENTENCE PRACTICE

This is a sentence match activity featuring sentences taken from the unit reading.



SUMMARY

This is a recap of the unit's reading passage. Students are able to check their understanding of the ideas introduced in the unit.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

UNIT / PAGE	STEAM		DETAILS		
	S	Title	HOW SOUNDS MOVE / WC: 88 🔘		
Page 8		Academic Objective	Learn about how we hear sounds		
	E	Vocabulary	reach, transfer, siren, matter, waterproof, spot		
	A	STEAM Project	How Sounds Transfer Through Solids ()		
			21st Century Skills: Critical Thinking		
	S	Title	WATER MUSIC / WC: 106		
2 Page 12	T	Academic Objective	Learn about sounds in water		
	E	Vocabulary	synchronized swimming, dance, love, block, answer, shout		
	A		How Sounds Move Through Liquids ②		
	M	STEAM Project	21st Century Skills: Critical Thinking, Collaboration, Communication		
3	S	Title	MIRROR VISION / WC: 100 🔘		
		Academic Objective	Learn about the way things look in a mirror		
	E	Vocabulary	mirror, dentist, same, raise, ambulance, driver		
	A	STEAM Project	Reflected Writing		
Page 16	M		21st Century Skills: Critical Thinking		
	S	Title	WRITING BACKWARD / WC: 109		
	T	Academic Objective	Learn about reading words in a mirror		
	E	Vocabulary	way, speak, mean, read, right, clever		
	A	STEAM Project	Reflected Letters		
Page 20	M	31L/Will Toject	21st Century Skills: Critical Thinking, Communication		
	S	Title	SEDIMENTARY ROCKS / WC: 90 🔘		
5		Academic Objective	Learn about how sand becomes a rock		
		Vocabulary	finger, sedimentary, model, instead, mixture, minimize		
Page 24	A	STEAM Project	Make Candy Sedimentary Rocks ©		
ruge Z -	LV.		21st Century Skills: Critical Thinking, Creativity, Communication		
	S	Title	MAKING ROCKS FROM ROCKS / WC: 106		
6		Academic Objective	Learn more about sedimentary rocks		
		Vocabulary	gravel, sediment, mud, press, mass, fossil		
Page 28	A	STEAM Project	Sedimentary Rock Formation		
ruge 20	M		21st Century Skills: Critical Thinking, Communication		
	S	Title	FUN FOSSILS / WC: 80 ⑤		
		Academic Objective	Learn about fossils		
		Vocabulary	most, bone, die, shell, clay, firm		
	A	STEAM Project	Find Ten Rock and Fossil Words		
Page 32			21st Century Skills: Critical Thinking, Communication		
	S	Title	TONY AND THE FOSSIL / WC: 106		
8	T	Academic Objective	Learn more about fossils		
	E	Vocabulary	field trip, geopark, look for, shellfish, rare, thanks to		
	A	Vocabalary	A Fossil Experience		
Page 36	М	STEAM Project	21st Century Skills: Critical Thinking, Creativity		

UNIT / PAGE ST	TEAM		DETAILS
GRIFATHOT O	S	Title	BOUNCING SOUNDS / WC: 97 🔘
	3	Academic Objective	Learn about how sound reacts to different surfaces
		Vocabulary	notice, hard, bounce, material, wooden, absorb
	A	STEAM Project	Make a Balloon Sound Amplifier •
Page 40			21st Century Skills: Critical Thinking, Collaboration
	S	Title	MOUNTAIN ECHO / WC: 103
	T I	Academic Objective	Learn what an echo is
	Ē	Vocabulary	excited, breeze, amazing, worth, difficult, echo
	A	STEAM Project	How Do Echoes Work?
Page 44			21st Century Skills: Critical Thinking, Collaboration, Communication
	S	Title	SORT WITH SIEVES / WC: 118 🔘
		Academic Objective	Learn about sorting things of different sizes
	E	Vocabulary	pure, substance, soybean, separate, sort, sieve
40	Α	STEAM Project	How to Separate Mixtures
Page 48	M	312/ IIII 1 10Jeec	21st Century Skills: Critical Thinking
	S	Title	THE INCREDIBLE BEACH-CLEANING MACHINE / WC: 101
19	T	Academic Objective	Learn more about ways we can sort things
U 4	E	Vocabulary	clean up, mess, strange, pick up, waste, take away
- 52	A	STEAM Project	Sort Your Waste
Page 52	M	,	21st Century Skills: Critical Thinking, Collaboration, Communication
	S	Title	DROPS OF WATER / WC: 92 🔘
	T	Academic Objective	Learn about water condensation
		Vocabulary	happen, vapor, condensation, foil, plate, compare
	A	STEAM Project	Condensation ©
Page 56	M		21st Century Skills: Critical Thinking, Collaboration
	S	Title	HOT WATER, COLD LID / WC: 111
		Academic Objective	Learn more about condensation
14	E	Vocabulary	by oneself, careful, suddenly, lid, normal, boiling
	A	STEAM Project	Condensation in Nature
Page 60	M		21st Century Skills: Critical Thinking
	S	Title	PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT / WC: 102
		Academic Objective	Learn about environmental scientists
15	E A M	Vocabulary	planet, human, pollution, environment, affect, suggest
		STEAM Project	What Pollutes Earth?
Page 64		3 TEANT TOJECT	21st Century Skills: Critical Thinking, Collaboration
	S	Title	GEOLOGISTS STUDY EARTH / WC: 99
		Academic Objective	Learn about geology and geologists
	A M	Vocabulary	geologist, curious, understand, farming, predict, earthquake
60		STEAM Project	How Much Do You Know About Earth?
Page 68			21st Century Skills: Critical Thinking, Collaboration, Communication



KEY WORDS

(1) Look, listen, and repeat.



v. reach



v. transfer



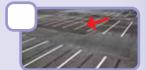
n. siren



n. matter



adj. waterproof



n. spot

B Listen and number the words.



READING

Listen and read. 003

I will learn... about how we hear sounds.



We can hear sounds all around us. How do the sounds reach our ears?

They <u>transfer</u> through things around us.

The sound of a police siren moves through the air.

The sound from a dolphin moves through the water.

Sounds can move through wood or metal, too.

Sounds move through solids, liquids, and gases.

Let's watch sound move through one of these types of matter.



Add blue food coloring to a large bowl of water.



Put a waterproof speaker in the water and turn on some music.



Put a plastic pipe to your ear and try to find the speaker.



The music gets louder as the pipe gets closer to the speaker. You can find the speaker at the spot with the loudest sound.

The music came from the speaker. It moved through the water.

It moved through the plastic pipe. Then it arrived in your ears!

- © Circle the key words in the reading.
- Read and choose.
 - 1. Which is the opposite of <u>transfer</u>?
 - a. give
- b. send
- c. keep
- 2. What does spot mean in the reading?
 - a. place
- b. dog
- c. speaker

CHECK YOUR UNDERSTANDING

Choose the correct answers.



- MAIN IDEA 1. What is the main purpose of the reading?
 - a. Sounds transfer only through air.
 - b. Sounds can move through different types of substances.
 - c. Sounds need a speaker to move through different types of matter.

- **2.** In the experiment, we can hear the music because _____
 - a. the speaker isn't waterproof
 - b. sounds can reach our ears through water
 - c. the speaker is at the spot with the loudest sound

- 3. Which of the following is **NOT** needed to do the experiment?
 - a. A plastic pipe
- b. A siren
- A speaker
- Check true (T) or false (F) for each sentence.
 - 1. Sounds reach our ears because they travel through different types of matter.
- 2. In the experiment, we hear the sound through the speaker.

Number the pictures in the correct order.



Put a waterproof speaker in the water and play some music.



Add blue coloring to water.



The music gets louder as the pipe gets closer.



Put a plastic pipe to your ear.

Choose the correct word.

- 1. Sounds _____ our ears very quickly.
 - a. mix
- b. reach c. give
- 2. The sound of the police _____ travels through air.
 - a. siren

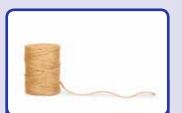
- b. speaker c. spot
- **3.** It will rain this afternoon, so wear your coat.
 - a. waterproof b. matter c. spot
- 4. "What are the different types of _____?" "Solid, liquid, and gas."
 - a. matter
- b. liquids



SCIENCE

PROJECT HOW SOUNDS TRANSFER THROUGH SOLIDS

To do this experiment, you will need:



a big metal spoon

1 meter of string

- (STEP 1) a. Tie the middle of the string around the middle of the handle of the spoon.
 - b. Tie one end of the string to your right pointer finger and the other to your left pointer finger.
- (STEP 2) a. Put your pointer fingers into your ears so the spoon hangs. b. Swing the spoon so it hits the wall. What do you hear?

Critical Thinking When the spoon hit the wall, the sound transferred from the spoon / string through the spoon / string to my ears / eyes.