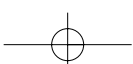
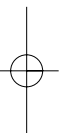


My Next Grammar

Student Book **1**



MyNext Grammar

Contents



Nouns and Pronouns

Lesson 1	Singular and Plural Nouns	6
Lesson 2	Count and Noncount Nouns	10
Lesson 3	Subject and Object Pronouns	14
Lesson 4	Demonstratives and Possessives 1	18
Lesson 5	Possessives 2	22



Verbs

Lesson 6	Present Simple: Be	26
Lesson 7	Present Simple	30
Lesson 8	Present Simple and Frequency Adverbs	34
Lesson 9	Present Continuous	38
Lesson 10	Present Simple vs. Present Continuous	42
Lesson 11	Future: Will	46



Progress Test

Lesson 12	Progress Test 1	51
------------------	-----------------	----





More on Verbs and Helping Verbs

Lesson 13	Past Simple: Regular Verbs	56
Lesson 14	Past Simple: Irregular Verbs and Be	60
Lesson 15	Helping Verbs	64



Adjectives and Adverbs

Lesson 16	Adjectives	68
Lesson 17	Linking Verbs and Adjectives	72
Lesson 18	Adverbs 1	76
Lesson 19	Adverbs 2	80



Prepositions

Lesson 20	Prepositions of Time	84
Lesson 21	Prepositions of Place	88



Sentence Structure

Lesson 22	Statements and Yes/No Questions	92
Lesson 23	Information Questions	96



Progress Test

Lesson 24	Progress Test 2	101
-----------	-----------------	-----



Grammar Quizzes

106

Take this cumulative quiz at the beginning of **lesson 5** **4**

✎ Write the correct form of the word.

ex. leaf I see many leaves under the trees.

- bread We don't have any _____ today.
- mouse There aren't any _____ in this hotel. Believe me.
- tooth How many _____ does a shark have?
- water It's very hot today. Drink a lot of _____.
- cheese I need to buy some _____.

✎ Write the correct pronoun.

ex. Look at Tom's new kitten. It is so small.

- Do you know Fred's brother? _____ is in high school.
- My grandmother is so kind. I really love _____.
- We live next door. Come and visit _____.
- Can _____ speak Japanese? Yes, I can.

✎ Read and write.

	Singular	Plural
ex.	That is a boy's shirt.	<u>These are boys' shirts.</u>
10	That is a baby's toy.	_____
11	_____	Those sandwiches are for Karen.
12	_____	These holiday pictures are great.
13	This is a woman's ring.	_____
14	_____	Those pencils are Sid's.
15	That is a child's storybook.	_____

For Teachers: This page is a cumulative quiz. The chart below shows which lesson each question is from.

Question	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Lesson	2	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	1	4	4	4	4	4	4

109

Grammar Link activities at the beginning of each lesson can be used both for a cumulative review as well as a tool for assessment. In each lesson, teachers can use this activity to monitor language development and identify areas of weakness in need of review.

Grammar Introduction charts introduce new grammar concepts in a clear and structured manner. New targets are presented in small portions that facilitate mental digestion.

Lesson **5** **Possessives 2** 5 - Possessives 2

1. Grammar Link
Go to page 109. Take Grammar Quiz 4.

2. Grammar Introduction

A. Possessive Adjectives

Person	Singular	Plural	
1 st	I have a dog. This is my dog.	We have a new house. This is our house.	I - my we - our
2 nd	You have a present. This is your present.	You are good singers. I like your voices.	you - your
3 rd	John has a new bike. This is his bike. Mary has a blue jacket. This is her jacket. A giraffe has a long neck. Its legs are long too.	My friends play basketball. These are their uniforms. Elephants have big ears. Their trunks are strong.	he - his she - her it - its they - their

My, our, your, his, her, its, and their are possessive adjectives. A possessive adjective is used in front of a noun. my dog, our house, their uniforms

✎ Write the correct possessive adjective.

1 Mike's bike	his	bike	4 students' names	names
2 children's books	books		5 my dad's car	car
3 my mom's shoes	shoes		6 fox's tail	tail

✎ Complete the sentence with the correct possessive adjective.

- I have long brown hair. My hair is long and brown.
- We have a great soccer team. _____ soccer team is great.
- You have a big room. _____ room is big.
- I have nice friends. _____ friends are nice.

B. Possessive Pronouns

Person	Singular	Plural	
1 st	This is my backpack. This backpack is mine .	This is our house. This house is ours .	I - my - mine we - our - ours
2 nd	This is your book. This book is yours .	These are your games. These games are yours .	you - your - yours
3 rd	This is his camera. This camera is his . This is her computer. This computer is hers .	This is their car. This car is theirs .	he - his - his she - her - hers they - their - theirs

Mine, ours, yours, his, hers, and theirs are possessive pronouns. Possessive pronoun = possessive adjective + noun (mine = my backpack) Whose asks about possession. Whose book is this? It's my book. / It's mine.

✎ Write the correct possessive pronoun.

- Is this your computer? Is this yours?
- These are his shirts. These are _____.
- That is her house. That is _____.
- Is that their school? Is that _____?
- They are our backpacks. They are _____.
- Is this my umbrella? Is this _____?

✎ Write the question with whose.

- pencils / these Whose pencils are these?
- car / this _____
- dogs / they _____
- house / that _____
- boots / those _____

My Next Grammar 23

A Concise Summary of essential grammar points is shown in the box within the chart.

Check-Up Activities follow each target's presentation to ensure the understanding of new grammar points.

Welcome to

My Next Grammar

My Next Grammar is the following series to My First Grammar. Maintaining the goals and educational philosophies of the previous series, My Next Grammar is constructed with the learner at the center of the design. The grammar concepts and activities are designed to meet the needs of elementary school students from the fourth to sixth grade. My Next Grammar uses a spiral syllabus in introducing essential grammar points. This allows students the freedom to study from any book in the series without missing key grammar points. My Next Grammar provides various in-depth grammar activities that establish a strong foundation in English grammar.

Grammar Practice activities allow for greater practice of target grammar. Through a variety of in-depth activities and methods, students use and practice the material they are learning.

Content Reading activities help consolidate the target grammar in context. A variety of topics are chosen from the school subjects such as language arts, science, history, social studies, art, literature, and physical education.

5 - Possessives 2

3. Grammar Practice

A Write the correct possessive adjective or pronoun.

1 I have a puppy. This puppy is <u>mine</u> .
2 She has a doll. This is _____ doll.
3 They have a ball. This ball is _____.
4 You have flowers. These flowers are _____.
5 He has a cat. This is _____ cat.
6 I have homework. This is _____ homework.
7 It has a long tail. This is _____ tail.
8 We have a house. This house is _____.

B Choose and write.

1 That is not <u>my</u> <u>my</u> / mine hat. <u>Mine</u> <u>My</u> / Mine is green.
2 Please give this book to Amy. It is _____ her / hers .
3 It is raining outside. Don't forget _____ your / yours umbrella.
4 I like Ken and Sam's room. _____ Their / Theirs room is big.
5 Look at that puppy. _____ It's / Its eyes are so cute.
6 We like _____ our / ours school a lot.
7 This is _____ my / mine dictionary.
8 The students do _____ their / theirs homework every day.
9 Thomas and _____ his / her friends play basketball.
10 Whose cat is this? Is it _____ your / yours ?

C Check and correct the mistake.

1 A: Are these yours tennis shoes? _____ your _____
 B: No. Ask John. Maybe they are hers. _____

2 A: When is theirs final exam? _____
 B: I don't know, but my is tomorrow. _____

D Choose and write.

she They father's their his her

Emperor Penguins

Emperor penguins live in Antarctica. They have _____ babies in the winter. The mother penguin lays only one egg. She gives _____ egg to the father penguin. Then _____ goes off to sea for food. The father keeps the egg warm on _____ feet. The egg must not touch the cold ground. The mother comes back in two months. Then it is the _____ turn to leave for food.

4. Grammar Summary

Possessive Pronouns and Adjectives						
	Subject Pronoun	Possessive Adjective	Possessive Pronoun	Subject Pronoun	Possessive Adjective	Possessive Pronoun
1st Person	I	my	mine	we	our	ours
2nd Person	you	your	yours	you	your	yours
3rd Person	he	his	his	they	their	theirs
	she	her	hers			
	it	its	hers			

Grammar Summary provides a concise review of the day's lesson. Students and teachers can refer to them for a quick overview of the material they have studied.



Entertaining comics are provided in Lessons 11 and 23. Students consolidate the English concepts taught in each part while enjoying the comics.

Progress Tests are presented in Lessons 12 and 24. These tests provide a method to follow and assess the development of students' grammar.

12 Progress Test 1

Lessons (1-11) Date _____ Name _____ Score _____ (3 x 2 = 1) 3/100

1. Circle the best answer.

- There are two _____ and _____ ice cream in the fridge.
orange, some cookies, some oranges, any cookie, any
- This is Mary _____ is my friend. I like _____ a lot.
He, him He, her She, him She, her
- A: Are _____ your brother's toy cars? B: Yes, _____ are.
this, they this, these these, they these, that
- _____ John _____ soccer after school?
Does, play Does, plays Do, play Do, plays
- Look! My dad _____ a snowman in the front yard.
is make makes making is making does making
- My mom usually _____ cupcakes on Sundays.
is make makes making make
- A: Where is _____? B: It's in _____.
Disneyland, california disneyland, California disneyland, California disneyland, California
- A: Is this _____? B: Yes, it is. That's _____.
your, our your, ours yours, ours your, our
- I _____ hungry after school. My mom _____ a snack for me.
am always, have usually am always, usually has always is, has usually always is, usually has
- _____ Sarah _____ to the party next Saturday?
Do, go Does, goes Will, go Will, goes

2. Choose and write the verb in the correct tense.

- | | | | | | | |
|------|-------|------|----------|----|------|---------|
| take | speak | help | practice | go | come | be (is) |
|------|-------|------|----------|----|------|---------|
- Mary sometimes _____ to the movies on the weekend.
 - The students _____ the test at the moment.
 - I _____ my little brother with his math homework tomorrow.
 - His teacher _____ tall and handsome.
 - _____ the boys _____ basketball every afternoon?
 - _____ John _____ home from school right now?
 - The girls _____ to Tom now.
 - They _____ middle school students.

3. Check and correct the mistake. There is one correct sentence in each group.

- ex) These are walkies. _____
- 19 Him is playing chess with John. _____
- 20 The girls and boys go to the concert right now. _____
- 21 Those are my dog's shoes. _____
- 22 Do you want a sandwiches with your apple? _____
- 23 There aren't any homework today. _____
- 24 John and Mary are cleaning their rooms at the moment. _____
- 25 My brother and me are getting a dog today. _____
- 26 My teacher are usually happy in the morning. _____
- 27 Amy don't like her new sneakers. _____
- 28 Is there some goats and sheep on the farm? _____

Lesson 5 Possesives 2

1. Grammar Summary

	주격대명사	소유격	소유대명사	주격대명사	소유격	소유대명사
1인칭 1*	I	my	mine	we	our	ours
2인칭 2**	you	your	yours	you	your	yours
3인칭 3*	he	his	his	she	her	hers
	it	its	its	they	their	theirs

- 소유격 Possessive Adjectives**
① 소유격에는 my, our, your, his, her, its, their가 있다.
나를 우리의 나의(대명사) 그의 남자의 그녀의 그의(대명사) 그들의(대명사)
② 소유격은 명사 앞에 쓰이며, ~의를 뜻한다.
I have a dog. This is my dog.
You have a present. This is your present.
Mary has a blue jacket. This is her jacket.
A giraffe has a long neck. Its legs are long too.
③ 누구의 것인지를 물어볼 때는 "Whose"를 명사 앞에 쓴다.
Whose dog is this? It's my dog.
- 소유대명사 Possessive Pronouns**
① 소유대명사는 mine, ours, yours, his, hers, theirs가 있다.
나를 우리의 나의 것(대명사) 그의 남자의 그녀의 그의 것(대명사) 그들의 것(대명사)
② 소유대명사는 ~의 것을 뜻한다. 소유대명사는 "소유격대명사" 대신 쓸 수 있다.
This is my backpack. -- This is mine.
This is our house. -- This is ours.
This is her camera. -- This is hers.
This is their car. -- This is theirs.
③ 누구의 것인지를 물어볼 때는 "Whose"를 명사 앞에 쓴다.
Whose car is this? It's hers. (It's her car.)
④ <이>의 경우에는 소유대명사가 거의 쓰이지 않는다.

2. Grammar Practice

1. Choose and write.

- John forgot _____ book.
- Maria talks like _____ mother.
- Susan and I are late for _____ meeting.
- I can't find _____ keys. Where are they?
- Do you live around here? Is that _____ house?
- Mary and Tom are in the same class. Mr. Anderson is _____ teacher.
- My sister has a dog. _____ name is Tiny.

2. Circle the correct word.

- A: Is this (your / yours) picture?
B: No, it isn't. (My / Mine) is on the desk.
- A: Where is (Sally / Sally's) car?
B: I don't know. This isn't (her / hers) car.
- A: Are these (their / theirs) lunch boxes?
B: No, they aren't. They are (our / ours) .

3. Complete the chart.

	Subject Pronoun	Possessive Adjective	Possessive Pronoun	Subject Pronoun	Possessive Adjective	Possessive Pronoun
1 st Person	I	my	mine	we	our	ours
2 nd Person	you	your	yours	you	your	yours
3 rd Person	he	his	his	she	her	hers
	it	its	its	they	their	theirs

The Workbook provides additional explanation of the grammar targets in Korean. **Grammar Practice** activities provide an opportunity to further work with and practice the grammar targets of each lesson. **Grammar Link** sections help students prepare for the cumulative quizzes in the following lessons.

Nouns and Pronouns

Lesson 1	Singular and Plural Nouns	6
Lesson 2	Count and Noncount Nouns	10
Lesson 3	Subject and Object Pronouns	14
Lesson 4	Demonstratives and Possessives 1	18
Lesson 5	Possessives 2	22

Verbs

Lesson 6	Present Simple: Be	26
Lesson 7	Present Simple	30
Lesson 8	Present Simple and Frequency Adverbs	34
Lesson 9	Present Continuous	38
Lesson 10	Present Simple vs. Present Continuous	42
Lesson 11	Future: Will	46

Progress Test

Lesson 12	Progress Test 1	51
-----------	-----------------	----





Lesson

1

Singular and Plural Nouns

1. Grammar Introduction

A. Common and Proper Nouns

Common Noun	boy city amusement park book	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nouns are names for people, animals, places and things. Most nouns are common nouns.
Proper Noun	John Paris Disneyland Charlotte's Web	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Proper nouns are 'specific' names. They always begin with capital letters.

Circle the proper noun, check the common noun and write.

1 Harry is a boy.

2 Tokyo is a city.

3 Charlotte's Web is a book.

4 Harvard is a school.

5 The Nile is a river.

Common Noun	Proper Noun
boy	Harry

B. Singular and Plural Nouns

	Singular	Plural	
~s	cat horse	cats horses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Singular means one. Plural means two or more. To make most nouns plural, add -s to the singular form.
~es	box bus bench dish	boxes buses benches dishes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> End of noun: -ch, -sh, -s, -x Plural form: add -es
~ies	baby country	babies countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> End of noun: consonant + -y Plural form: change y to i and add -es
Irregular	child foot	children feet	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No specific rules

Common irregular plural nouns:

man - men person - people foot - feet tooth - teeth mouse - mice

Write the plural form.

- | | | | |
|-----------|---------------------|---------|-------|
| 1 forest | forests | 5 fox | ..... |
| 2 child | ..... | 6 tooth | ..... |
| 3 country | ..... | 7 story | ..... |
| 4 bus | ..... | 8 foot | ..... |

Write the singular form.

- | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|-----------|---|-------|-----------|
| 1 | computer | computers | 4 | ..... | bookcases |
| 2 | ..... | kisses | 5 | ..... | women |
| 3 | ..... | programs | 6 | ..... | ladies |

C. A or An

a	a pen a radio a small umbrella	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use a or an with nouns. It means 'one' thing. • Put a before a consonant. • Put an before a vowel.
an	an orange an egg an interesting book	

- Consonants: b, c, d, f, g, h, j, k, l, m, n, p, q, r, s, t, v, w, x, y, z
- Vowels: a, e, i, o, u

Write a or an.

- John is reading **a** comic book.
- We have wonderful idea.
- Jennifer is English name.
- I have uncle in America.
- Wow! That is big octopus.
- Amy has large umbrella.





2. Grammar Practice

A Choose and write.

Common Noun		Proper Noun		Others	
1	friends	6	Mary	11	pretty
2		7		12	
3		8		13	
4		9		14	
5		10		15	

✓ friends Golden Gate Park ✓ pretty teacher ✓ Mary Mr. Brown jar before
 make Stanford University children fast mother go Empire State Building

B Write a or an. Write ∅ if a or an is not needed.

- A: What do ∅ elephants have?

B: They have large ears.
- A: There is bike outside. Is it your bike, Cindy?

B: Yes, it is. It is new bike.
- A: Are there apples on the table?

B: Yes, there are. And here is orange.
- A: Do you have pets?

B: Yes, I do. I have dog and two rabbits.
- A: How many legs does octopus have?

B: It has eight legs.

C Check and correct the mistake.

- 1 This is a ~~an~~ octopus and that is a crab.
- 2 There are three man in the room.
- 3 Wow! This is an big egg.
- 4 This is john. He is a new student.
- 5 There are many trees in the Park.
- 6 We need a table and a chairs.

..... an

.....

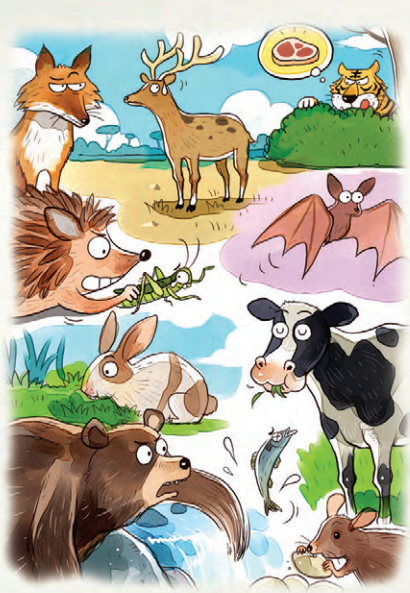
.....

.....

.....

.....

D Write the plural forms.



Mammals

Mammals are warm-blooded animals. Mammals live both on land and in water. Some _____, like _____ and _____, eat meat. They hunt other animals for food. Some other mammals, like hedgehogs and _____, eat _____. Other mammals, like _____ and _____, eat _____. And mammals, like _____ and rats, eat both plants and meat.

3. Grammar Summary

Nouns				A or An	
Common Noun	Proper Noun	Singular Noun	Plural Noun	a	an
country	France	school	schools	a teacher	an apple
boy	Harry	bench	benches	a bike	an egg
teacher	Mr. Brown	child	children	a lemon	an igloo