Unit 1 Read It or See It?

Pre-Reading (answers will vary)
1. I have read Charlotte’s Web, which is also a movie.
2. I read the book first. Then, I saw the movie.
3. I liked the book better because some of the voices of the characters in the movie didn’t sound the way I had imagined the characters would sound.

Vocabulary Preview
1. c  2. d  3. b  4. f  5. a  6. e

Reading Comprehension
1. c  2. a  3. b  4. b  5. d

Idiomatic Expression
1. it was a good bet
2. more often than not
3. measure up to

Summary
1. attempted  2. critics
3. measure up  4. transformed
5. masterpieces  6. industry
7. bet  8. literary

Listening
1. d  2. a  3. b

Discussion (answers will vary)
1. A famous book in my country that has been made into a movie is Tom Sawyer.
2. A famous book from another country that has been made into a movie is Les Misérables.
3. A good book that I have read that I would like to see made into a movie is Captain Underpants.

Grammar
Are there any books that are simply impossible to film?
Books written in unique literary styles, such as Ulysses and The Sound and the Fury have resisted film adaptation to rival the greatness of the books.

Vocabulary and Idiom Review
1. b  2. b  3. d  4. b  5. a
6. b  7. a  8. a  9. c  10. c
Unit 2 Superstitions about Birds

Pre-Reading (answers will vary)
1. Magpies and sparrows are the most common birds in my country.
2. Robins are sometimes considered lucky in my country because they show that warmer weather is coming. Crows are considered unlucky.
3. There are many places to go bird watching in my country. Some people go to the mountains or to marshes to see special kinds of birds.

Vocabulary Preview
1.e  2. f  3. b  4. c  5. a  6. d

Reading Comprehension
1. c  2. d  3. b  4. d  5. b

Idiomatic Expressions
1. Woe be it
2. feeds on
3. old wives’ tale

Summary
1. gods of war  2. portent of death
3. Raven  4. kingdom won’t fall
5. the aftermath of battles  6. Swallows  7. portent of death
8. blessed  9. insects  10. help animals be healthier

Listening
1. The man wants to visit the aviary, which is like a zoo for birds.
2. The woman wants to see peacocks.
3. The man says it is bad luck to look at a peacock’s feathers.

Discussion (answers will vary)
1. I don’t believe that birds can be evil omens. Those stories are just old wives’ tales.
2. The most well-known bird in Canada is probably the loon. It’s not really related to good luck, but it is on our one-dollar coin, so I guess it’s a little bit lucky.
3. One special bird in my country is the Canada goose. When people see Canada geese flying in a V-shape in the sky, they know that the season will soon change.

Grammar
Perhaps inspired by the swallow’s red-brown breast, Christian people initially related the swallow to the death of Jesus Christ.
Any barn that has swallows living in it is sure to be blessed in the following year.
Vocabulary and Idiom Review
1. d  2. b  3. c  4. c  5. b
6. c  7. d  8. b  9. a  10. c

Unit 3 Alaska Is Melting

Pre-Reading (answers will vary)
1. Alaska is located in the Arctic, west of the Yukon in Canada and east of Siberia in Russia.
2. I think that too much pollution from cars and factories contributes to global warming.
3. I know that glaciers are big fields of ice and snow. I’ve seen pictures of glaciers in the Rocky Mountains.

Vocabulary Preview
1. d  2. b  3. e  4. f  5. c  6. a

Reading Comprehension
1. b  2. b  3. b  4. a  5. a

Idiomatic Expressions
1. turn of the century
2. turn up
3. wipe out

Summary
1. Increasing global temperatures are causing Alaska’s glaciers to melt.

2. Alaska’s thawing permafrost is causing its road and utility poles to collapse.
3. Melting permafrost and increasing temperatures are causing forest insects to appear sooner.

Listening
1. [ ] True  [√] False
2. [ ] True  [√] False
3. [√] True  [ ] False

Discussion (answers will vary)
1. I think that air pollution contributes to the melting glaciers, but mostly I think it’s just because Earth is now in a natural warming cycle.
2. I think the increasing temperatures in Alaska make it harder for some animals, like polar bears, to survive, but it also makes it easier for other animals to live.
3. Last winter was a little bit warmer than usual, but it was still very cold. When the usual temperature is -20°C, a few degrees higher doesn’t feel much warmer.

Grammar
Presently, an estimated 100 cubic kilometers of ice is disappearing from Alaskan glaciers every year.
Reading Challenge 3 2nd – Answer Key

Alaskan glaciers account for about 75,000 square kilometers, or five percent of the state’s area.

Vocabulary and Idiom Review
1. a  2. d  3. c  4. c  5. d
6. a  7. c  8. c  9. b  10. a

Unit 4 Working on Your Workout

Pre-Reading (answers will vary)
1. I don’t really like exercising. I never go to gyms or stuff like that.
2. Exercising is important. If you don’t exercise, your body will become weak and sick.
3. Different ways of exercising include running, biking, swimming, doing aerobics, and doing martial arts.

Vocabulary Preview
1. b  2. f  3. c  4. d  5. a  6. e

Reading Comprehension
1. b  2. a  3. d  4. c  5. a

Idiomatic Expression
1. stuck to
2. in a row
3. bear in mind

Summary
1. properly  2. routine
3. in a row  4. recommend
5. rush  6. development
7. bear in mind  8. achieve

Listening
1. c  2. a  3. b

Discussion (answers will vary)
1. I think I should exercise more often, since I rarely exercise enough to sweat or breathe heavily.
2. The common exercise mistake I make is doing the same things all the time. I have not changed my exercise routine in years.
3. In order to stay healthy, I walk to school instead of taking the bus.

Grammar
If someone is not working out properly, it is rare that he or she will see the results he or she wants.

Instead of always sticking to the same old workout, it is important to add a variety of workouts to your routine.

Vocabulary and Idiom Review
1. b  2. a  3. c  4. b  5. a
6. c  7. d  8. b  9. a  10. a
Unit 5 Smart Exercise

Pre-Reading (answers will vary)
1. I know a few smart people. My smart friends like to read a lot, play games like chess, and some even play musical instruments.
2. I think using our brains in activities like reading or chess, as well as eating the right foods like pineapple and fish, can make us smarter.
3. Some parents try to make their babies smarter by reading to them, by playing music for them, or by giving them challenging toys.

Vocabulary Preview
1. c  2. b  3. f  4. e  5. a  6. d

Reading Comprehension
1. b  2. d  3. a  4. d  5. b

Idiomatic Expressions
1. hit the books
2. beefed up
3. be traced back to

Summary
1. developed  2. Brain
3. Concentrate  4. Babies
5. physical  6. three
7. heart rate  8. motions
9. short-term  10. paths

Listening
1. The woman suggests that he walk a different way to school.
2. She says doing regular activities in a different way can re-activate old memory pathways.
3. She also suggests that waking up to different smells each day may increase his memory and his ability to learn.

Discussion (answers will vary)
1. I don’t know how much exercise affects brain development. While it makes sense that the increased blood flow from exercise would help your brain, many people I know who exercise a lot aren’t very smart.
2. I think sports that have complex rules and a lot of action, like hockey or basketball, require the most intelligence because players have to remember a lot of rules, use different strategies to win, and think quickly under stressful conditions.
3. My favorite sport to play is tennis. It is fast, competitive, and not too violent.

Grammar

Older people can beef up their brains by working out as well. Their study showed a short-term memory increase of up to forty percent after exercising just three hours a week.

Vocabulary and Idiom Review

1. a  2. c  3. a  4. d  5. d
6. a  7. c  8. b  9. c  10. c

Unit 6 Rescuing Relics

Pre-Reading (answers will vary)
1. This sculpture is probably from China.
2. This sculpture is made from some kind of stone or metal.
3. A sculpture like this would be found at a temple or palace.

Vocabulary Preview

1. c  2. e  3. d  4. b  5. a  6. f

Reading Comprehension

1. a  2. c  3. c  4. c  5. b

Idiomatic Expression

1. take away
2. set up
3. tear down

Summary

1. More and more private collectors have been setting up their own private museums to display their collections, a trend that began in the 1990s in China.
2. Li’s museum displaying his collection of Chinese folk art was set up in an 18th century house in 2001.
3. Li says that more than ninety percent of the older buildings in the city have been torn down over the years from the time that Beijing began undergoing major economic reforms in the late 1970s.

Listening

1. [√] True  [ ] False
2. [ ] True  [√] False
3. [√] True  [ ] False

Discussion (answers will vary)

1. I enjoy visiting science museums the most. I enjoy visiting historical museums the least.
2. The smallest museum I have ever visited was a museum inside a cathedral in Mexico. Everything was all in one small room.
3. A museum that I remember well is the art museum in Chicago. I saw lots of famous paintings there.

Grammar

More than ninety percent of the old houses and temples in Beijing have since been torn down and replaces with modern buildings.

Luckily, all of old Beijing’s architectural folk art has not been lost.

Vocabulary and Idiom Review

1. d  2. c  3. b  4. b  5. d  6. c  7. a  8. c  9. a  10. b

Idiomatic Expression

1. lend (him or her) a hand  2. was fitted with  3. relies on

Summary

1. rely on  2. lend a hand  3. aid  4. inability  5. navigate  6. arrive  7. destination  8. routines

Unit 7 Tweenbots

Pre-Reading (answers will vary)

1. If I saw a robot like this on the street, I would look around to see if a child lost his or her toy.
2. A small robot like this could be used as a toy to entertain children.
3. I think there are more kind and helpful people in the world than unkind and unhelpful people.

Vocabulary Preview

1. f  2. c  3. d  4. e  5. b  6. a

Reading Comprehension

1. c  2. b  3. b  4. a  5. a

Grammar

This strange machine may interest some people, while others would ignore it completely.

Kinzer thought her little robots might even be seen as some kind of terrorist device.

Discussion (answers will vary)

1. I don’t think I would help a robot if I saw it on the street. I don’t usually touch other people’s things.
2. I was surprised that people took time out of their busy schedules to help the robots.
3. I helped a friend of mine by watching his cat when he was out of town. It only took about an hour a day to take care of his cat.
Vocabulary and Idiom Review
1. a  2. b  3. c  4. c  5. a
6. d  7. b  8. b  9. c  10. a

Unit 8 Back to the Future

Pre-Reading (answers will vary)
1. I think “Back to the Future” means using some kind of product or invention now that was used a long time ago.
2. Soccer and snowboarding are two popular sports, but I don’t participate in them. I’d like to try snowboarding someday, though.
3. I like to skate in the park or on the path beside the river. In the winter, I like to ice skate on the frozen river. I can skate pretty well, but I can’t do any jumps or spins.

Vocabulary Preview
1. d  2. c  3. b  4. e  5. f  6. a

Reading Comprehension
1. c  2. c  3. c  4. a  5. a

Idiomatic Expressions
1. launch
2. skyrocketed
3. spring up

Summary
1. antique  2. modifying
3. stronger  4. reliable
5. founded  6. Rollerblade
7. recreational  8. competitive
9. hockey  10. Pan-American

Listening
1. The woman paid $50 for her inline skates.
2. The man is part of a roller hockey league.
3. They will skate together next Saturday at two o’clock.

Discussion (answers will vary)
1. Skating can make your legs and lungs much stronger.
2. My new cell phone combines three old products into one: a phone, a camera, and a portable music player. I use it every day to communicate, take photos, and listen to music.
3. Ice hockey is another sport that uses special equipment like pads and helmets to protect the players. I used to play hockey when I was in high school.

Grammar
The Olsons set about trying to modify the design of the antique skates that they had found.
By the mid-1990s, inline skates had become more than just a recreational sport.

Vocabulary and Idiom Review
1. a  2. d  3. c  4. b  5. c
6. a  7. d  8. c  9. a  10. b

Unit 9 A Better Robot

Pre-Reading (answers will vary)
1. When I hear the word “robot,” I think about R2-D2 and C-3PO, the robots from Star Wars.
2. I think a crab-shaped robot would be useful for walking in many different environments, grabbing different objects, and even cutting things that are in the way.
3. Robots can help science by collecting information from places that are too cold, too hot, or too dangerous for scientists to go themselves.

Vocabulary Preview
1. c  2. e  3. b  4. a  5. d  6. f

Reading Comprehension
1. d  2. b  3. c  4. a  5. b

Idiomatic Expressions
1. As far as
2. by its very nature

Summary
1. Snakebots are shaped like snakes, so they can go into small cracks in rocks.
2. Snakebots are constructed of up to thirty modules that are all actually individual robots that can work independently of each other.
3. Snakebots are far less expensive, costing only a few hundred dollars compared to robots such as the kind sent to Mars recently, which cost over a hundred million dollars.

Listening
1. [✓] True  [ ] False
2. [✓] True  [ ] False
3. [ ] True  [✓] False

Discussion (answers will vary)
1. I think some space exploration is too dangerous for humans. For exploration of places far away from Earth that take many years to travel to, only robots should be used.
2. Snakebots could be useful on Earth to explore places where scientists can’t go. For example, they could explore very cold areas in the Arctic, hot areas near volcanoes, or parts of caves that are too small for people to reach.
3. A movie in which robots had an important part was I, Robot. In this movie, robots that used to
serve people decided to attack the people instead. The humans have to fight back against the stronger robots, but one hero policeman saves the day.

Grammar
A snakebot would be able to do these things, too, making it much more effective than regular robots with wheels.
Snakebots will be much less expensive to build.

Vocabulary and Idiom Review
1. c  2. d  3. d  4. c  5. c
6. d  7. d  8. c  9. a  10. b

Unit 10 Flower Power

Pre-Reading (answers will vary)
1. There are quite a few flowers around my apartment building. The owners of the building planted them.
2. People like to plant flowers around where they live because it makes the area nice to look at.
3. People have to give flowers water, and sometimes they may have to cut them or take out dead plants.

Vocabulary Preview
1. c  2. b  3. d  4. f  5. e  6. a

Reading Comprehension
1. a  2. a  3. d  4. c  5. b

Idiomatic Expression
1. divided up into
2. took the credit
3. break into

Summary
1. ward  2. stealing
3. incidents  4. planting
5. likely  6. installed
7. volunteers  8. dropped

Listening
1. a  2. b  3. d

Discussion (answers will vary)
1. My family has tried to grow vegetables in a small garden. We haven’t had much luck, though.
2. Along the streets in my neighborhood, I can see trees and bushes. There are only a few places with flowers.
3. I think crime-watch volunteers are more effective than security cameras. Thieves can think of ways to hide from cameras.

Grammar
City officials encouraged residents across the city to plant flowers around their homes and along streets, especially in places where thefts frequently occurred. Thieves would be less likely to strike in areas where people were outdoors watching things closely.

Vocabulary and Idiom Review
1. a  2. d  3. c  4. b  5. d
6. c  7. b  8. c  9. a  10. b

Unit 11 A Controversial Restoration

Pre-Reading (answers will vary)
1. There are many famous historical places, such as the pyramids in Egypt, Machu Picchu in Peru, and the Great Wall in China.
2. These historical places are important because they can teach us about past ways of life.
3. Governments make laws and hire people to study, protect, and restore these places.

Vocabulary Preview
1. b  2. f  3. c  4. e  5. d  6. a

Reading Comprehension
1. a  2. b  3. c  4. b  5. d

Idiomatic Expressions
1. touch up

Summary

Listening
1. The man saw the Mona Lisa in (the Louvre) in Paris.
2. The work was behind bullet-proof glass.
3. The painting had to be restored after someone threw acid on it.

Discussion (answers will vary)
1. I have visited several historical sites in a few different countries, but the pyramids in Mexico were the most impressive because of their size.
2. We should try to preserve historical sites and the environment for future generations.
3. It is a difficult choice, but I think old buildings are more important than old works of art. I think old buildings can teach us more about how people lived in the past.

Grammar
There is a pressing need for something to be done in order to save a historical treasure. Restorations are planned to clean or touch up the works so that they look better.

Vocabulary and Idiom Review
1. b  2. d  3. d  4. a  5. c
6. a  7. a  8. c  9. b  10. a

Idiomatic Expressions
1. set about
2. passed down
3. at some point

Summary
1. In the legend of Noah, Noah and his family escaped the flood in a boat filled with animals.
2. In a Hindu legend, one man was saved from the flood by a fish, and later, gods made a woman for the man so they could have many children.
3. In Incan, Mayan, and Native American legends of the flood, some humans survive the flood either by climbing mountains or building boats.

Unit 12 The Flood

Pre-Reading (answers will vary)
1. I have heard of the biblical flood story, as well as similar stories from other cultures.
2. I first heard the flood story at church, from my Sunday school teacher. I learned about other flood stories in university.
3. I think the stories are mostly legend, but there may be some truth to them as well.

Vocabulary Preview
1. f  2. a  3. c  4. d  5. b  6. e

Reading Comprehension
1. a  2. d  3. c  4. b  5. c

Listening
1. [✓] True  [ ] False
2. [ ] True  [✓] False
3. [✓] True  [ ] False

Discussion (answers will vary)
1. I have heard the biblical story of Noah’s Ark and the flood. In this story, God warns Noah about the coming flood and tells him to build a big ark. Noah builds the boat and brings his family and two of each kind of animal with him on the ark.
2. I know that the same story appeared earlier in Mesopotamia, except the characters had different names.

3. I've heard that some scientists think the flood stories originate with floods that happened at the end of the last ice age when a lot of glaciers and icebergs melted, making the oceans' water levels rise.

Grammar
The flood happened long before humans could write, so the story of the flood could only be passed down through generations by oral retellings. As the story was passed by word of mouth, it may have changed as various cultures learned the story.

Vocabulary and Idiom Review
1. a 2. c 3. c 4. d 5. d
6. c 7. b 8. a 9. b 10. c

Unit 13 Naturally Better Homes

Pre-Reading (answers will vary)
1. A traditional home in my country is a two-story brick house with both front and back yards.

Listening
1. d 2. a 3. d

Discussion (answers will vary)
1. I think that I would enjoy living in an earthship because it's good for the environment and I would save money on electricity bills.
2. I don’t know of any earthships in my country. If they aren’t too expensive, then I think that they will could become popular.

3. I should probably do more to be environmentally friendly, but I do recycle cans, bottles, and paper.

Grammar

Michael Reynolds set out to design homes that were cheaper to build and more energy efficient.

Earthships need much less energy for heating and cooling because they are built into the ground, which keeps the temperature inside the house from getting too hot or too cold.

Vocabulary and Idiom Review

1. d  2. b  3. a  4. b  5. b
6. d  7. d  8. b  9. b  10. c

Reading Comprehension

1. c  2. c  3. b  4. c  5. c

Idiomatic Expressions

1. take in
2. Even better
3. stock up on

Summary

1. oxygen  2. oxidation
3. reduce  4. free radicals
5. Dark-colored  6. broccoli
7. apricots  8. liver
9. green tea  10. facial cream

Listening

1. The woman is making a seaweed bag (for her bath).
2. She will put seaweed into a stocking and then tie it closed.
3. She not only puts it in her bath, she also eats it.

Discussion (answers will vary)

1. Recently, I’ve heard that pomegranates have lots of antioxidants in them. These days, you can buy pomegranates in many shops.
2. I think my diet is a little healthy. I don’t eat much oily junk food, but I should eat more fruits and vegetables.

3. Women in my country use a lot of different creams and soaps to take care of their skin. Men, on the other hand, don’t do much except wear sunblock cream if they go outside during the summer.

Grammar
These vitamins help produce molecules called antioxidants, which actually help reduce the production of free radicals.

Vitamin A and E are particularly good for helping your skin remain young-looking.

Vocabulary and Idiom Review
1. d  2. d  3. c  4. a  5. d
6. c  7. a  8. b  9. c  10. b

Unit 15 Imagine That!

Pre-Reading (answers will vary)
1. I like to lie on my bed when I want to think or daydream.
2. The last time I did this was last Saturday. I had some free time on Saturday afternoon, so I just lay on my bed resting and thinking.
3. One of my chores at home that does not require much attention is folding the laundry.

Vocabulary Preview
1. f  2. a  3. d  4. b  5. c  6. e

Reading Comprehension
1. d  2. a  3. c  4. a  5. d

Idiomatic Expression
1. be thought of
2. comes to mind
3. tend to

Summary
1. In the default mode, the top or outside part of the brain is active, as various regions of the brain interact.
2. In the default mode, which usually occurs while performing simple, tedious, or routine activities, the brain focuses on itself rather than on the environment.
3. In the default mode, the mind is free to wander, which allows it a chance to create things.

Listening
1. [ ] True  [✓] False
2. [ ] True  [✓] False
3. [✓] True  [ ] False

Discussion (answers will vary)
1. An event in my life that I wish could have been different is the time when I was in a school play and I forgot my lines. I wish I had studied my lines more before opening night.

2. Five years from now, I would like to be working in an office downtown.

3. A problem I am still trying to solve is how I can learn Spanish when I don’t have anyone to practice with.

Grammar

People who daydream are often thought of in negative terms, such as being lazy or not doing what they should be doing.

Perhaps these are daydreams based on memories of the past, or daydreams of what might be in the future.

Vocabulary and Idiom Review

1. c 2. d 3. b 4. c 5. b
6. a 7. a 8. c 9. a 10. b

Unit 16 Madonna’s Downloads

Pre-Reading (answers will vary)

1. I know a few sites for downloading music, such as Kazaa and Limewire.
2. I’ve downloaded a lot of music over the past few years.
3. I’m not a big fan of Madonna’s music, but I know she has sold lots of albums, and that she published a controversial book about fifteen years ago.

Vocabulary Preview

1. c 2. e 3. f 4. d 5. b 6. a

Reading Comprehension

1. c 2. b 3. d 4. b 5. c

Idiomatic Expressions

1. not mince words
2. climb to the top
3. make a statement

Summary

1. definitely 2. to the top
3. sharing 4. piracy
5. retaliate 6. decoy
7. swearing 8. discourage

Listening

1. b 2. a 3. d

Discussion (answers will vary)

1. I think downloading songs from the Internet is wrong because when someone downloads a song, the musician doesn’t get paid for it.
2. I’ve heard that the Apple’s iTunes site and Napster both charge fees to download music. I think the fee is about one dollar per song.
3. Bono, the lead singer of the band U2, is an artist with strong opinions. He said that all rich, developed countries should do more to help poor, developing countries.

Grammar

Over her career, she has released eighteen albums, including three collections of greatest hits.
Throughout her climb to the top, Madonna has not been afraid of controversy.

Vocabulary and Idiom Review

Vocabulary Preview
1. b  2. e  3. c  4. f  5. d  6. a

Reading Comprehension
1. a  2. b  3. b  4. c  5. d

Idiomatic Expressions
1. A little / goes a long way
2. at all costs
3. in good working order

Summary
1. Remote  2. Recent
3. Semantic  4. Immediate
5. Prospective  6. degrade
7. prevent  8. mental
9. activity  10. stress

Listening
1. They are remembering a time when they went sailing.
2. They could not get back because the wind died down.

Unit 17 Remembering Memories

Pre-Reading (answers will vary)
1. I think I have a very good memory, except I can never remember people’s names.
2. My earliest childhood memory is of playing “cowboys” in my backyard with a friend. I was about four years old then.
3. I think people can improve their memories by keeping a diary and writing down important information every day.
3. The man remembers that the woman fell in the water, but the woman remembers that her shoe fell in the water.

Discussion (answers will vary)
1. I think men and women are good at remembering different things. Women can remember names and important dates better than men, but men can remember other information and directions better than women.
2. I often have trouble remembering names. When I meet new people, I usually forget their names the first time. After I meet them three or four times, I remember.
3. I use a day planner book to write down and remember important names, dates, and phone numbers.

Grammar
Our capability to remember things from the past depends on two categories of memory. The one thing to avoid at all costs is stress.

Vocabulary and Idiom Review
1. d  2. b  3. c  4. a  5. d
6. d  7. b  8. b  9. a  10. c

Unit 18. Taking Home the World Cup

Pre-Reading (answers will vary)
1. I like to watch football or hockey the most, but I like to play tennis.
2. I don’t like soccer very much because there isn’t enough scoring. I’ve never been to a World Cup game, but I’d love to go to one someday.
3. When I was in elementary school, my baseball team won the city league championship, so I got a trophy for that. I kept it on a shelf for many years, but I don’t know where it is now.

Vocabulary Preview
1. f  2. a  3. d  4. c  5. e  6. b

Reading Comprehension
1. c  2. d  3. d  4. d  5. a

Idiomatic Expressions
1. under lock and key
2. Rest assured
3. none the worse for wear

Summary
1. a + b: The original World Cup trophy was stolen twice, so none of the winners these days are allowed by FIFA to take the trophy home.
2. c + d: Now the World Cup trophy remains in the possession of FIFA, so winners are awarded a gold-plated replicas instead of the real solid gold trophy.
3. e + f: Brazil won the original trophy three times and got to keep it, so a new cup was designed for FIFA in 1974.

Listening
1. [ ] True  [√] False
2. [ ] True  [√] False
3. [√] True  [ ] False

Discussion (answers will vary)
1. I don’t think that teams should be able to take home the real trophy because there have been too many problems with it in the past. It’s better to keep the real trophy safe in a museum.
2. I know about the Stanley Cup, the trophy given to the winner of the National Hockey League’s playoff tournament. It’s the oldest trophy in North American sports, and the winning team gets to keep the real trophy for a year.
3. Trophies are nice, but I’d rather win money so I can buy the things I need.

Grammar
The original World Cup trophy was made by a French sculptor, and was called the “Jules Rimet Cup,” in honor of the founder of the tournament. In 1966, the Cup was stolen during a public showing of the trophy prior to the World Cup tournament in England.
Summary
1. risky 2. lure
3. convince 4. financial
5. crooks 6. tracked
7. gangs 8. wary

Listening
1. c 2. d 3. d

Discussion (answers will vary)
1. I receive a lot of phishing messages, but I rarely read them. I recall one, though, that claimed that I was the last relative of some rich man who had just died in Nigeria. It said that if I sent them my banking information, they would send me the money I inherited.
2. I think people caught phishing should be fined lots of money, or even jailed. They cause a lot of inconvenience for most people and serious financial trouble for some.
3. I’ve heard that there are a lot of health scams on the Internet these days. There are advertisements for vitamins, health supplements, and medicine, but when you buy them, the company just keeps your money and sends out nothing.

Grammar
Phishing implies that a thief is trying to lure people into giving away valuable information.

The group created official-looking email messages requesting people to update their personal information at an international bank’s website.

Vocabulary and Idiom Review
1. b 2. a 3. b 4. a 5. c
6. b 7. d 8. a 9. b 10. c

Unit 20 Take a Ghost Tour

Pre-Reading (answers will vary)
1. I think this castle is in England because most castles that I’ve seen like it are in England.
2. This castle looks a little scary because it’s old and grey, and the windows are all dark.
3. I don’t believe in ghosts because I’ve never seen or heard one.

Vocabulary Preview
1. e 2. d 3. f 4. b 5. a 6. c

Reading Comprehension
1. d 2. b 3. c 4. d 5. a

Idiomatic Expressions
1. complete with
2. made / home
3. leave / for another man
Summary
1. surrounded  2. Remains
3. cemetery  4. left her
5. painting  6. White
7. poisoned  8. disappears
9. tea-room  10. banquets

Listening
1. A ghost haunts a place, but a poltergeist haunts a person.
2. Ghosts are not harmful, but poltergeists can be dangerous.
3. Ghosts are thought to be spirits of the dead, but poltergeists are thought to be a form of energy.

Discussion (answers will vary)
1. I think it would be fun to stay in a castle like Chillingham. I really enjoy historical places, and I think it’s fun to be scared by ghost stories.
2. There is a town in the mountains in my country that some believe is haunted. The town was buried by a rockslide about 100 years ago, and everyone died.
3. If ghosts exist, they might appear in certain places that were important to them during their lives.

Grammar
You hear a strange noise and feel a cold rush of air move past you.
They gave him the name “Blue Boy” because he was always seen wearing blue clothes and surrounded by a blue light.

Vocabulary and Idiom Review
1. c  2. a  3. a  4. b  5. c
6. b  7. d  8. a  9. c  10. c