



NEW
Reading and
Vocabulary
Development

Facts and Figures

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Scope and Sequence

Unit	Lesson	Vocabulary Area	Grammar Activities	Reading Skills	Speaking Hint
1 The Animal	1 An Australian Surprise: The Koala Bear Page 10	Animals and Numbers	Subject-verb Agreement	Identifying Referencing with Pronouns	Giving Examples
Kingdom	2 A Cold Swimmer Page 16	Weather and the Arctic	Possessive Pronouns	Scanning for Places	Giving Reasons
	3 The Dolphin Page 22	Sea Life and Communication	Conjunction: but	Guessing Meaning from Context	Contractions
	1 Why Do We Yawn? Page 30	Feelings and Movement	Do / Does	Scanning for Repetitive Vocabulary	Listing
2 Human Behavior	2 Happy Medicine Page 36	Good Times and Relaxation	Relative Pronoun: that	Skimming for the Main Idea of a Paragraph	Introducing Opinions
	3 Dream a Little Dream Page 42	Sleeping and Dreaming	There is / There are	Predicting	Sequencing
1-2	Review Page 48	Vocabulary Review; Word Definitions; Word Forms			
	1 Bamboo Page 52	Past and Present	Past Simple Tense	Skimming for Identifying Topic Sentences	Speculating
3 Agricultural History	2 The Everyman Food Page 58	Countries and Continents	People and Places	Scanning for Continent Names	Giving Reasons
	3 The Green Power: Kiwifruit Page 64	Food and Health	Verb + Infinitive / Gerund	Skimming to Recognize Text Organization	Sound Like a Native Speaker
	1 Unstoppable Gangnam Style Page 72	Popular Music	Prepositions of Time	Scanning for Numbers	Responding to Opinions
4 The Sound of Music	2 Old Time Rock 'n Roll Page 78	Musical Performers and Recordings	Adverbs (-ly)	Guessing Meaning from Context	Clarification
	3 A Rapper's Dream Page 84	Hip-hop and Dance	Past Simple Tense (Irregular Verbs)	Recognizing a Sequence of Events	Intonation
3-4	Review Page 90				ect Definition

Unit	Lesson	Vocabulary Area	Grammar Activities	Reading Skills	Speaking Hint
	1 The Most Exciting Job in the World Page 94	Jobs and Travel	Conjunction:	Scanning for Names	Sentence Stress
5 Work	2 A Reason for Working Page 100	Jobs and Work Benefits	Superlatives	Identifying Definitions of Words	Phonetics
	3 Modern Workers Page 106	Schedules and Salaries	Present Continuous Tense	Skimming for Main Ideas	Past Tense Endings
	1 Bike Riding Page 114	Bicycles and Cityscapes	Modal Verbs	Skimming for the Main Idea of a Paragraph	Time to Think
6 Leisure Activities	2 Playing Online Page 120	Online Games and the Internet	Plural Nouns	Skimming for Paragraph Topics	Final S Sounds
received	3 Cosplay Page 126	Anime and Costumes	Phrasal Verbs	Scanning for Details	Word Stress with Prefixes and Suffixes
5-6	Review Page 132	Word Choice; Paragraph Completion; Vocabulary Development		ent	
	1 A Watery Thai New Year Page 136	Celebrations	Prepositions of Place: in, at, and on	Guessing Meaning from Context	Long Vowel Sounds
7 Native Cultures	2 The Ainu Live On Page 142	Appearance and Ways of Life	Compound Nouns	Skimming and Scanning for Supporting Details	Stress in Compound Words
	3 The Maori Page 148	Culture and Occasions	Adjective/ Noun Collocations	Scanning for Details	Reduced Sounds
	1 The Longest Distance: Kevin Lin Page 156	Difficult and Special Journeys	Relative Pronoun: which	Scanning for Information	Adding Details
8 Incredible Journeys	2 A Gift with a Long Neck Page 162	Leadership and Gifts	Verb/Noun Collocations	Scanning for Facts	Question Tags
, same, s	3 A Lone Journey Page 168	Communication and Equipment	Reflexive Pronouns	Scanning for Facts and Numbers	Question Intonation with Auxiliary Verbs
7-8	Review Page 174	Word Choice; Word Forms; Finding Synonyms and Antonyms			s
Vocabula	ry List Page 176				
Irregular	Irregular Verbs Page 180				

2 A Cold Swimmer

Learning Objectives

- To use scanning skills to find names of places
- To understand and use new vocabulary related to the weather and the Arctic
- To practice using possessive pronouns



★ Warm-up

A. Before Reading

Look at the questions and choose the best answer.

- 1 How many countries have land inside the Arctic Circle?
 - a. six

b. one

- c. three
- d. eight

- 2 Which country has land nearest to the North Pole?
 - a. Greenland
- b. Canada
- c. Russia
- d. the Arctic Circle

- 3 What do polar bears eat?
 - a. penguins
- b. fish

- c. snow
- d. turtles

B. Context Clues

For each sentence, circle the answer that means the same as the word in bold. <u>Do not use your dictionary.</u> The bold words are new in this lesson.

- My friend is not very big. Her weight is only thirty-eight kilograms.
 - a. tallness
- b. smallness
- c. largeness
- d. heaviness

- 2 The panda bear has a black and white coat.
 - a. fur

b. color

c. eyes

- d. tail
- 3 I am afraid of dogs because some bite you. A bite hurts a lot!
 - a. dangerous
- b. scared
- c. painful
- d. hungry

★ Reading

A. Reading Skill: Scanning for Places

Scanning is looking for something specific in a text. Use your finger or your pen to follow the lines backward and forward to look for names, numbers or other specific information. Scanning helps to find specific information quickly when looking at things like schedules and lists.

Scan the text and answer the following questions.

- 1 How many times do you see the phrase North Pole in the text?
- 2 How many times does the phrase Arctic Circle appear?
- 3 Scan and write down all the other places found in the text.

B. Main Text



The polar bear is a very big white bear. We call it the polar bear because it lives inside the <u>Arctic Circle</u>. The Arctic Circle is near the <u>North Pole</u>. There are no polar bears at the <u>South Pole</u>. The polar bear lives in a place with <u>snow</u> and <u>ice</u>. At the North Pole, there is <u>only</u> snow, ice, and water. There is no <u>land</u>.

People cannot see the polar bear in the snow very well because its <u>coat</u> is yellow-white. It has a very <u>warm</u> coat because the <u>weather</u> is very cold north of the Arctic Circle. Interestingly, its skin is black. Polar bears also have a lot of <u>fat</u> under their skin. The coat, black skin, and fat help keep the bear warm.

This bear is three meters long, and it can grow to be about 450 kilograms in weight. It can stand up on its back legs because it has very wide feet. Polar bears use their front legs like arms. The polar bear can swim very well. It can swim 120 kilometers out into the water. The longest a polar bear swam was 354 kilometers (220 miles). It catches fish and other sea animals for food. It also goes into the sea when it is afraid. Polar bears sometimes fight brown bears. The oldest polar bear was 32 years old. Most polar bears die before they are 25 years old.

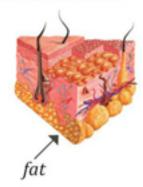
Like the panda, some people want to kill the polar bear. They want its beautiful white coat. Some people also eat the meat. Other people use the fat for cooking. The government of Norway says that no one can kill polar bears now. Many other countries say the same thing. They do not want all these beautiful animals to die.

Arctic Circle
North Pole

South Pole

land: on earth but not water

coat: fur on the skin



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★ Comprehension

A. Main Idea

Which is the main idea of the text?

- a. People like to kill polar bears because they have beautiful yellow-white coats.
- b. Animals live north of the Arctic Circle in the snow and ice and eat fish and sea animals.
- c. Yellow-white coated polar bears live in the Arctic Circle and eat fish and sea animals.

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B. Short Answer Questio	ns		
Answer the questions using infor	mation from	the text.	
Why do we call the big white l	bear <i>the pola</i>	r bear?	
2 Why can't people see the pola	r bear very v	vell?	
Why does the polar bear have	a warm coa	t?	
Where does the polar bear go	when it is af	raid?	
Why do some people want to	kill the polar	bear?	
C Multiple Chaice Quest	iona		
C. Multiple Choice Quest Circle the best answer.	ions		
The polar bear lives a. at the South Pole		b. in warm countries	
c. near the North Pole		d. on land only	
At the North Pole, there is no		,	
	now	c. water	d. land
People cannot see the polar be	ear in the sn	ow very well because	
a. it has a yellow-white coat		b. it goes under the sn	
c. it can run very fast		d. it goes into the wate	er
The polar bear's skin is a. black b. y	rellow	c. white	d. fat
The polar bear for food	l.		
a. catches land animals		b. looks for snow	
c. catches sea animals and fish	n	d. looks for fruit and v	egetables

6	When the polar bear is afraid, it a. goes into the water c. runs away		b. goes under the snow d. stands up on its wide fe	et
7	The polar bear does not a. water	like b. fish	c. brown bears	d. ice
8	The government of Norway says that a. the polar bear is like the panda c. a person cannot kill a polar bear		b. people can kill the polar d. they want its white coa	

★ Vocabulary

A. Word Definitions

Match each word with the correct definition.



B. New Context

Read and complete the sentences using words from the box.

Polar bears live in the North Pole and not in the South Pole.					
about	weight	wide	catch	afraid	
snow	ice	only	warm	weather	

2 How much is the _____ of a panda? Maybe 80 kilograms?

I find to stary find the first field cold outs	like to stay	inside my house when it is cold	outside
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- 4 She is _____ 25 years old. Maybe she is 24 or 27.
- **5** I like to _____ butterflies in the forest next to my house.
- 6 Do you want some _____ in your soft drink?
- These shoes are no good. They are too ______.
- The _____ outside is hot and sunny.

C. Fun with Words

The *suffix -ly* makes an adjective into an adverb. Adverbs describe verbs and adjectives, and can introduce sentences.

Example: interesting (adjective) → interestingly (adverb)

The teacher explained the new vocabulary interestingly.

Complete the sentences with an adverb from the box.

easily	quickly	boringly	slowly
badly	prettily	cutely	sweetly



- 1 I did the homework ______.
- **2** I run ______.
- **3** I dance ______.
- 4 I sing______.
- **6** I drive ______.

★ Grammar

A. Possessive Pronouns

You can use possessive pronouns to show that something belongs to somebody or something.

Singular	Plural
I – my you – your she – her he – his it – its	we – our you – your they – their

Examples: Polar bears use **their** front legs like arms. She has a new dress. **Her** dress is yellow.



Fill in the spaces with the missing possessive pronoun.

Maria likes _____ classes this year.

2 I use ______ dictionary every day.

3 We go to university on _____ bicycles.

4 Do you have _____ books with you?

6 A mammal feeds ______ babies milk.



★ Discussion

Ask and answer the following questions.

- The polar bear has white hair. What other animals have white hair?
- 2 Can a polar bear live in your country? Why / Why not?
- 3 The polar bear can live where it is cold. Do you want to live in a cold place?
- 4 Are you afraid of any animals? Why / Why not?
- S Are there any dangerous animals in your country?

Speaking Hint:

Giving Reasons: Use because or since to give reasons and make your answers longer.

Yes, it is because . . . (reason).

No, it can't since . . . (reason)

★ Facts & Figures

There are many animals that live in the Arctic. The Arctic Fox and the Arctic Hare are two interesting animals that live there.

Do some research and complete the table.





	Height	Weight	Color
Arctic Fox	25-30 cm (10-12 in)		white in winter and brownish gray in summer
Arctic Hare		4-5.5 kg (9-12 lbs)	white in winter and brown in summer